## Claim Support Chart U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/699,175

Indonondont Claim 362	Exemplary Support
independent Comment within on intervent herween adjacent vertebrae, comprising:	Pg. 9, ll. 14 and 29-30
An interbook rusion space for engagement within an unit various space and a spacer length extending along a	Pg. 9, II. 15-17; pg. 11, II. 29-30;
a spacer body formed of body and defining a spacer notein; a spacer man a spacer body formed by some and definition of the spacer beautiful axis.	pg. 14. 1l. 15-16; pg. 29, ll. 11-18;
Oligitutuliai axis)	Figs. 4, 12 and 35.
: 1	Pg. 9, 1l. 30-31; pg. 12, 1l. 10-12;
Sand space: bondy including an inscription and said opposite tool engagement end each comprising a flattened end surface,	pg. 29, II. 16-18; Figs. 6, 10, 35
IODE INCLUMENT AND STREET AND STR	and 36
said spacer body including upper and lower vertebral engaging surfaces that are flattened from said insertion end to	Pg. 14, II. 13-19
and the language and to define said spacer height.	
said toot of granding surfaces including surface features defined along said spacer length and extending across	Pg. 12, II. 25-30; pg. 13, II. 10-20;
said vertical in gagang authors and surface features structured to facilitate engagement with the adjacent vertebrae to inhibit	Figs. 6, 10 and 35
sain spinor recent one within the intervertebral space.	
movement of said space, ode, which we have the said one onto said vertebral engaging surfaces.	Pg. 9, 1. 29 to pg. 10, 1. 2; Figs. 6,
Said spacer body delining a chamber contains and the same of the s	10, 35 and 36

Independent Claim 185	Exemplary Support
interpretation on interpretation and interpretation of interpretat	Pg. 9, II. 14 and 29-30
An interbody fusion spacer for engagement within an interpolation process length extending along a	Pg. 9, II. 15-17; pg. 11, II. 29-30;
a spacer body lottified of boths and defining a spacer inciging a spacer from the spacer from	pg. 14. 11. 15-16; pg. 29, 11. 11-18;
longinuainai axis,	Figs. 4, 12 and 35
and small hardy including an insertion end and an opposite tool engagement end each arranged along said	Pg. 9, 11. 30-31; Figs. 4, 10, 12 and
	35
Tongitudinal axis,	Pg. 12, II. 13-17; pg. 29, II. 22-23;
Said 1001 eligabellicili cilu meladure a sienea Breere encarrante a sienea	Figs. 4, 12, 36 and 37
said insertion end being chamfered to facilitate insertion of said spacer body into the space between the adjacent	Pg. 20, 11. 25-29; Figs. 4, 6, 10, 12
vertehrae	and 33
said spacer body including upper and lower vertebral engaging surfaces that are flattened from said insertion end to	Pg. 14, II. 13-19
said tool engagement end to define said spacer height,	
caid vertebral engaging surfaces including surface features defined along said spacer length and extending across	Pg. 12, 11, 25-30; pg. 13, 11, 10-20;
said spacer width, said surface features structured to facilitate engagement with the adjacent vertebrae to inhibit	Figs. 6, 10 and 35
movement of said snacer hody within the intervertebral snace.	
said spacer body defining a chamber extending therethrough and opening onto said vertebral engaging surfaces.	Pg. 9, 1. 29 to pg. 10, 1. 2; Figs. 6, 10, 35 and 36
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Independent Claim 405	Exemplary Support
An interhold fission snacer for engagement within an intervertebral space between adjacent vertebrae, comprising:	Pg. 9, II. 14 and 29-30
a success body formed of hone and defining a snacer height, a snacer width and a spacer length extending along a	Pg. 9, II. 15-17; pg. 11, II. 29-30;
A space today to moderate weathing a space action and remaining to the space of the second space of the se	pg. 14. II.15-16; pg. 29, II. 11-18;
TOLIBITUTINAL AXIS)	Figs. 4, 12 and 35.
said snear hody including an insertion end and an opposite tool engagement end each arranged along said	Pg. 9, II. 30-31; pg. 12, II. 10-12;
longitudinal axis,	pg. 29, 11. 16-18; Figs. 6, 10, 35
	and 36
said spacer body including upper and lower vertebral engaging surfaces that are flattened from said insertion end to	Pg. 14, II. 13-19
said tool engagement and to define said spacer height.	
said vertebral engaging surfaces including surface features defined along said spacer length and extending across	Pg. 12, Il. 25-30; pg. 13, Il. 10-20;
said spacer width, said surface features structured to facilitate engagement with the adjacent vertebrae to inhibit	Figs. 6, 10 and 35
movement of said snacer hody within the intervertebral space.	
said surface features commissing teeth including a flat crest surface extending between a leading flank surface and an	Pg. 12, 1. 25 to pg. 13, 1. 4; Figs. 6,
onnosite trailing flank surface	10, 14, 15, 35 and 38
said soacer hody defining a chamber extending therethrough and opening onto said vertebral engaging surfaces.	Pg. 9, 1. 29 to pg. 10, 1. 2; Figs. 6,
	10, 35 and 36

Dependent Claims 363-369, 386-392 and 406-409	Exemplary Support
wherein said surface features comprise teeth.	Pg. 13, II. 1-4; Figs. 6, 10, 14, 15, 35 and 38
wherein said teeth extend across said spacer width.	Pg. 12, 1l. 30-31; Figs. 6, 10, 14 and 35
wherein said teeth include a flat crest surface extending between a leading flank surface and a trailing flank surface.	Pg. 13, II. 1-4; Figs. 6, 10, 14, 15, 35 and 38
wherein said teeth are uniformly machined into said spacer body.	Pg. 13, II. 14; Figs. 6, 10, 14, 15, 35 and 38
wherein said chamber interrupts at least some of said teeth extending across said spacer width.	Figs. 6, 10, 14 and 35
	Pg. 12, 11. 28-29; Fig. 13
wherein said plurality of grooves extends across said spacer width.	Pg. 12, II. 28-29; Fig. 13

Dependent Claims 370, 371, 394, 411 and 412	Exemplary Support
ate insertion of said spacer body into the intervertebral space.	Pg. 20, II. 25-29; Figs. 4, 6, 10, 12 and 35
wherein said spacer body includes a chamfered edge extending from said insertion end and tapering to said spacer width to facilitate insertion of said spacer body into the intervertebral space.	Pg. 20, II. 25-29; Figs. 4, 6, 10, 12 and 35
width to facilitate insertion of said spacer body into the intervertebral space.	and 35

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A11 8 404 484 1 17 1 1	Evenulory Support
wherein said spacer body includes a pair of facing and opposing arms forming an open channel therebetween to	Pg. 10, II. 11-15; Figs. 4, 6, 10, 12
provide said spacer body with a C-shape.	and 30
Denendent Claims 373-376, 396-398 and 414-417	Exemplary Support
	Pg. 12, II. 13-24; pg. 29, II. 22-23; Figs. 4, 12, 36 and 37
wherein said slotted groove extends entirely across said spacer width.	Pg. 12, II. 13-24; pg. 29, II. 22-23; Figs. 4, 12, 36 and 37
wherein said slotted groove extends to a flattened side surface of said spacer body.	Pg. 12, II. 13-24; pg. 29, II. 22-23; Figs. 4, 12, 36 and 37
wherein said slotted groove includes flat side surfaces.	Pg. 12, II. 13-17; pg. 29, II. 22-23; Figs. 4, 12 and 37
Donoudout Claims 277 370 300 401 and 418 420	Exemplary Support
mprising an osteogenic material po	Pg. 14, II. 26-31
wherein said estengenic material comprises a hone morphogenic protein.	Pg. 15, II. 1-31
wherein said osteogenic material comprises bone graft.	Pg. 16, II. 1-20
Dependent Claims 380-382, 402 and 421-423	Exemplary Support
wherein said spacer body is formed of allograft bone.	Pg. 9, II. 14-17
wherein said spacer cody is formed of content of a long bone having an intramedullary canal, said chamber wherein said spacer body is formed from the diaphysis of a long bone having an intramedullary canal, said chamber define by at least a nortion of the intramedullary canal.	Pg. 9, II. 21-28; pg. 19, II. 25-29
Dependent Claims 383, 384, 403, 404, 424 and 425	Exemplary Support
	Pg. 14, II. 1-5; Figs. 4, 6, 10, 12 and 35
wherein said chamber is defined along a second axis substantially perpendicular to said longitudinal axis.	Pg. 11, l. 30 to pg. 12, l. 3; Fig. 12
	F
Dependent Claims 393 and 410	Exemplary Support
wherein said insertion end and said opposite tool engagement end each comprising a flattened end surface,	Pg. 9, II. 30-31; pg. 12, II. 10-12; pg. 29, II. 16-18; Figs. 6, 10, 35
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